Uniform Mitigation Verification Inspection Form opy of this form and any documentation provided with the insu

Maintain a copy of the	iis form and any do	ocumentation provid	ied with the insuranc	e policy		
Inspection Date:						
Owner Information			I a			
Owner Name:			Contact Person:			
Address:	7:		Home Phone:			
City:	Zip:		Work Phone:			
County:			Cell Phone:			
Insurance Company:	T # 00:		Policy #:			
Year of Home:	# of Stories:		Email:			
NOTE: Any documentation used in valid accompany this form. At least one photos though 7. The insurer may ask additional	graph must accompa	ny this form to validat	e each attribute marked	l in questions 3		
<u>Building Code</u> : Was the structure built the HVHZ (Miami-Dade or Broward cou	unties), South Florida	Building Code (SFBC-9	4)?			
☐ A. Built in compliance with the FBC a date after 3/1/2002: Building Perm	nit Application Date (M	M/DD/YYYY)//				
☐ B. For the HVHZ Only: Built in conprovide a permit application with a confidence of the second of						
\Box C. Unknown or does not meet the re	quirements of Answer	"A" or "B"				
 Roof Covering: Select all roof covering OR Year of Original Installation/Replace covering identified. 						
	Application Date	FBC or MDC Product Approval #	Year of Original Installation or Replacement	No Information Provided for Compliance		
1. Asphalt/Fiberglass Shingle						
<u> </u>						
□ 6. Other				Ш		
	A. All roof coverings listed above meet the FBC with a FBC or Miami-Dade Product Approval listing current at time of installation OR have a roofing permit application date on or after 3/1/02 OR the roof is original and built in 2004 or later.					
	☐ B. All roof coverings have a Miami-Dade Product Approval listing current at time of installation OR (for the HVHZ only) a roofing permit application after 9/1/1994 and before 3/1/2002 OR the roof is original and built in 1997 or later.					
☐ C. One or more roof coverings do no	-		".			
\square D. No roof coverings meet the requi	rements of Answer "A	a" or "B".				
3. Roof Deck Attachment: What is the we	eakest form of roof dec	ck attachment?				
 □ A. Plywood/Oriented strand board (OSB) roof sheathing attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced a maximum of 24" inches o.c.) by staples or 6d nails spaced at 6" along the edge and 12" in the fieldOR- Batten decking supporting wood shakes or wood shinglesOR- Any system of screws, nails, adhesives, other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that has an equivalent mean uplift less than that required for Options B or C below. □ B. Plywood/OSB roof sheathing with a minimum thickness of 7/16"inch attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced a maximum of 24"inches a c.) by 8d common poils ground a maximum of 12" inches in the field. OR. Any system of correspondence of a province. 						
other deck fastening system or truss a maximum of 12 inches in the field	24"inches o.c.) by 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 12" inches in the fieldOR- Any system of screws, nails, adhesives, other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalent or greater resistance than 8d nails spaced a maximum of 12 inches in the field or has a mean uplift resistance of at least 103 psf.					
24"inches o.c.) by 8d common nails decking with a minimum of 2 nails Any system of screws, nails, adhesi	C. Plywood/OSB roof sheathing with a minimum thickness of 7/16"inch attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced a maximum of 24"inches o.c.) by 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 6" inches in the fieldOR- Dimensional lumber/Tongue & Groove decking with a minimum of 2 nails per board (or 1 nail per board if each board is equal to or less than 6 inches in width)OR-Any system of screws, nails, adhesives, other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalent					
Inspectors Initials M Property Address	ss					

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		or greater resistant 182 psf.	stance than 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 6 inches in the field or has a mean uplift resistance of at least
	П	•	d Concrete Roof Deck.
	П		- Concrete Roof Beek.
	П		or unidentified.
		G. No attic ac	
4.		of to Wall Atta eet of the inside	achment: What is the WEAKEST roof to wall connection? (Do not include attachment of hip/valley jacks within or outside corner of the roof in determination of WEAKEST type)
		A. Toe Nails	
			Truss/rafter anchored to top plate of wall using nails driven at an angle through the truss/rafter and attached to the top plate of the wall, or
			Metal connectors that do not meet the minimal conditions or requirements of B, C, or D
	<u>Mir</u>	nimal condition	ns to qualify for categories B, C, or D. All visible metal connectors are:
			Secured to truss/rafter with a minimum of three (3) nails, and
			Attached to the wall top plate of the wall framing, or embedded in the bond beam, with less than a ½" gap from the blocking or truss/rafter and blocked no more than 1.5" of the truss/rafter, and free of visible severe corrosion.
		B. Clips	
			Metal connectors that do not wrap over the top of the truss/rafter, or
			Metal connectors with a minimum of 1 strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and does not meet the nail position requirements of C or D, but is secured with a minimum of 3 nails.
		C. Single Wra	Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a
			minimum of 2 nails on the front side and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side.
		D. Double W	
			Metal Connectors consisting of 2 separate straps that are attached to the wall frame, or embedded in the bond beam, on either side of the truss/rafter where each strap wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 2 nails on the front side, and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side, or
			Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter, is secured to the wall on both sides, and is secured to the top plate with a minimum of three nails on each side.
		E. Structural	Anchor bolts structurally connected or reinforced concrete roof.
		F. Other:	
			or unidentified
		H. No attic ac	ecess
5.			What is the roof shape? (Do not consider roofs of porches or carports that are attached only to the fascia or wall of over unenclosed space in the determination of roof perimeter or roof area for roof geometry classification).
		A. Hip Roof	Hip roof with no other roof shapes greater than 10% of the total roof system perimeter.
		B. Flat Roof	Total length of non-hip features: feet; Total roof system perimeter: feet Roof on a building with 5 or more units where at least 90% of the main roof area has a roof slope of
		C. Other Root	less than 2:12. Roof area with slope less than 2:12 sq ft; Total roof area sq ft Any roof that does not qualify as either (A) or (B) above.
6	Soc	andary Water	Resistance (SWR): (standard underlayments or hot-mopped felts do not qualify as an SWR)
0.		A. SWR (also sheathing of dwelling fr	o called Sealed Roof Deck) Self-adhering polymer modified-bitumen roofing underlayment applied directly to the or foam adhesive SWR barrier (not foamed-on insulation) applied as a supplemental means to protect the rom water intrusion in the event of roof covering loss.
		B. No SWR.	or undetermined.
	Ш		
Ins	spec	tors Initials <u>5</u>	L Property Address
*T	his v	verification for	m is valid for up to five (5) years provided no material changes have been made to the structure or

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7. Opening Protection: What is the weakest form of wind borne debris protection installed on the structure? First, use the table to determine the weakest form of protection for each category of opening. Second, (a) check one answer below (A, B, C, N, or X) based upon the lowest protection level for ALL Glazed openings and (b) check the protection level for all Non-Glazed openings (.1, .2, or .3) as applicable.

Opening Protection Level Chart Place an "X" in each row to identify all forms of protection in use for each opening type. Check only one answer below (A thru X), based on the weakest form of protection (lowest row) for any of the Glazed openings and indicate the weakest form of protection (lowest row) for Non-Glazed openings.		Glazed Openings				Non-Glazed Openings	
		Windows or Entry Doors	Garage Doors	Skylights	Glass Block	Entry Doors	Garage Doors
N/A	Not Applicable- there are no openings of this type on the structure						
Α	Verified cyclic pressure & large missile (9-lb for windows doors/4.5 lb for skylights)						
В	Verified cyclic pressure & large missile (4-8 lb for windows doors/2 lb for skylights)						
С	Verified plywood/OSB meeting Table 1609.1.2 of the FBC 2007						
D	Verified Non-Glazed Entry or Garage doors indicating compliance with ASTM E 330, ANSI/DASMA 108, or PA/TAS 202 for wind pressure resistance						
N.	Opening Protection products that appear to be A or B but are not verified						
N	Other protective coverings that cannot be identified as A, B, or C						
Х	No Windborne Debris Protection						

A. Exterior Openings Cyclic Pressure and 9-lb Large Missile (4.5 lb for skylights only) All Glazed openings are protected at
a minimum, with impact resistant coverings or products listed as wind borne debris protection devices in the product approval
system of the State of Florida or Miami-Dade County and meet the requirements of one of the following for "Cyclic Pressure
and Large Missile Impact" (Level A in the table above).

- Miami-Dade County PA 201, 202, and 203
- Florida Building Code Testing Application Standard (TAS) 201, 202, and 203

☐ A.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist

☐ B.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Level C, N, or X in the table above

- American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) E 1886 and ASTM E 1996
- Southern Standards Technical Document (SSTD) 12
- For Skylights Only: ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996
- For Garage Doors Only: ANSI/DASMA 115

X in the table above
☐ A.3 One or More Non-Glazed Openings is classified as Level B, C, N, or X in the table above
B. Exterior Opening Protection- Cyclic Pressure and 4 to 8-lb Large Missile (2-4.5 lb for skylights only) All Glazed openings are protected, at a minimum, with impact resistant coverings or products listed as windborne debris protection devices in the product approval system of the State of Florida or Miami-Dade County and meet the requirements of one of the following for "Cyclic Pressure and Large Missile Impact" (Level B in the table above):
• ASTM E 1886 <u>and</u> ASTM E 1996 (Large Missile – 4.5 lb.)
• SSTD 12 (Large Missile – 4 lb. to 8 lb.)
• For Skylights Only: ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996 (Large Missile - 2 to 4.5 lb.)
☐ B.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A or B in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist
B.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level C, N, or X in the table above

C. Exterior Opening Protection- Wood Structural Panels meeting FBC 2007 All Glazed openings are covered with

C 2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level N or X in

A.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level B, C, N, or

the table above	-
\square C.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Level N or X in the table above	

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plywood/OSB meeting the requirements of Table 1609.1.2 of the FBC 2007 (Level C in the table above).

C.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A, B, or C in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist

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 N. Exterior Opening Protection (unverified shutter sprotective coverings not meeting the requirements of Arwith no documentation of compliance (Level N in the tall N.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as Level A, B, C, on N.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level I table above 	nswer "A", "B", or C" or ble above). In the table above, or not the table above, or not the table above.	systems the	nat appear to meet Answer "A" or "B" ed openings exist			
□ N.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Leve	el X in the table above					
X. None or Some Glazed Openings One or more Glaze	ed openings classified and	l Level X	in the table above.			
MITIGATION INSPECTIONS MUST B Section 627.711(2), Florida Statutes, provi						
Qualified Inspector Name: Steven Rosenbaum	License Type: Engineer	ing	License or Certificate #: 49307			
Insight Inspections		Phone:	(941) 224-9030			
Oualified Inspector – I hold an active license as a	: (check one)					
 Qualified Inspector – I hold an active license as a: (check one) Home inspector licensed under Section 468.8314, Florida Statutes who has completed the statutory number of hours of hurricane mitigation training approved by the Construction Industry Licensing Board and completion of a proficiency exam. Building code inspector certified under Section 468.607, Florida Statutes. General, building or residential contractor licensed under Section 489.111, Florida Statutes. Professional engineer licensed under Section 471.015, Florida Statutes. Professional architect licensed under Section 481.213, Florida Statutes. Any other individual or entity recognized by the insurer as possessing the necessary qualifications to properly complete a uniform mitigation verification form pursuant to Section 627.711(2), Florida Statutes. 						
Individuals other than licensed contractors licensed under Section 489.111, Florida Statutes, or professional engineer licensed under Section 471.015, Florida Statues, must inspect the structures personally and not through employees or other persons. Licensees under s.471.015 or s.489.111 may authorize a direct employee who possesses the requisite skill, knowledge, and experience to conduct a mitigation verification inspection. I, Steven Rosenbaum am a qualified inspector and I personally performed the inspection or (licensed (print name) contractors and professional engineers only) I had my employee () perform the inspection (print name of inspector)						
and I agree to be responsible for his/her work. Qualified Inspector Signature: Date: 9/9/2024						
An individual or entity who knowingly or through gross negligence provides a false or fraudulent mitigation verification form is subject to investigation by the Florida Division of Insurance Fraud and may be subject to administrative action by the appropriate licensing agency or to criminal prosecution. (Section 627.711(4)-(7), Florida Statutes) The Qualified Inspector who certifies this form shall be directly liable for the misconduct of employees as if the authorized mitigation inspector personally performed the inspection.						
Homeowner to complete: I certify that the named Qualified residence identified on this form and that proof of identification						
Signature: Date:						
An individual or entity who knowingly provides or utters a obtain or receive a discount on an insurance premium to who of the first degree. (Section 627.711(7), Florida Statutes)						
The definitions on this form are for inspection purposes only and cannot be used to certify any product or construction feature as offering protection from hurricanes.						
Inspectors Initials Property Address						
*This verification form is valid for up to five (5) years provinaccuracies found on the form.	ided no material chang	es have be				
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Bldg 17, 5481-5495







8d nails verified



Nail location verified

Bldg 17



6" spacing in the field



Single strap with at least 3 nails into the truss



SWR installed under the tile

SCOPE OF WORK

EXHIBIT "A" (Ashton Lakes Proposal)

SWR documentation

- 1. All Employees paid hourly; NO subcontractors.
- 2. Tear off existing tile roofing and haul away.
- 3. Inspect wood decking, fascia and truss tails for rotted/damaged areas and repair/replace as
- 4. Inspect wood decking for attachment and re-nail as needed to conform to current building codes
- >5. Provide and install self- adhering roof tile underlayment, per Manufacturer's specifications.
 - 6. Provide Concrete tile (color and style to be selected) including all flashings and terminations, per manufacturer's specifications.
 - 7. Remove all debris associated with this scope of work.
- 8. Provide five (5) year workmanship warranty on all work performed.
- 9. Provide Tile manufacturer's (50) year limited warranty.

NOTES

- 1. This price includes up to 100 sq. ft. of rotted/damaged wood replacement, additional rotted/damaged wood will be replaced at \$2.50 per sq. ft. upon proof of existence.
- 2. Rotted/damaged truss tails, fascia and other structural elements will be replaced at \$7.00 per lineal ft. upon proof of existence
- 3. Building permit supplied by Feeney roofing.

Exclusions: Mechanical, electrical, stucco, plumbing, carpentry, structural, asbestos abatement, or any other work not specifically noted above in

Note: The roofing industry is currently experiencing price volatility in roofing related products. Because firm prices cannot be obtained from suppliers, prices are subject to change. If there is an increase in the price of roofing related products charged to the Subcontractor subsequent to making this Proposal/Contract, the Proposal/Contract shall be increased to reflect the additional cost to the contractor, upon submittal of written

The construction industry is currently experiencing rapidly escalating prices and material availability problems relating to steel and other metal construction products. The availability and pricing of metal products is currently subject to sudden significant changes beyond the control of construction contractors. Because of the difficulty in obtaining firm prices for metal products from suppliers, Feeney Roofing Corp. can not provide fixed, firm prices for metal products for future projects. If there is an increase in the price of metal-related products charged to the contractor subsequent to making this proposal/contract, the price set forth in this proposal/contract shall be increased to reflect the additional cost to the contractor upon contractor's submittal of submit written documentation of the increased charges.

Authorized Signature of Customer/Owner/Agent